

Curry-Howard Isomorphism (Correspondence)

Intuitionistic Propositional Logic

$$A, B ::= \perp \mid \top \mid A \wedge A \mid A \vee A \mid A \Rightarrow A$$

Rules: $\frac{A \in \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ (true)}}$ $\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash \top}$ $\frac{\Gamma \vdash \perp}{\Gamma \vdash A}$ $\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \quad \Gamma \vdash B}{\Gamma \vdash A \wedge B}$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \wedge B}{\Gamma \vdash A} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash A \wedge B}{\Gamma \vdash B} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash A}{\Gamma \vdash A \vee B} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash B}{\Gamma \vdash A \vee B}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \vee B \quad \Gamma, A \vdash C \quad \Gamma, B \vdash C}{\Gamma \vdash C} \quad \frac{\Gamma, A \vdash B}{\Gamma \vdash A \Rightarrow B} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash A \Rightarrow B \quad \Gamma \vdash A}{\Gamma \vdash B}$$

Modus Ponens: $(A \Rightarrow B) \wedge A \Rightarrow B$

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{\Gamma, (A \Rightarrow B) \wedge A \vdash (A \Rightarrow B)}{\Gamma, (A \Rightarrow B) \wedge A \vdash A \Rightarrow B}}{\Gamma, (A \Rightarrow B) \wedge A \vdash B}}{\Gamma \vdash (A \Rightarrow B) \wedge A \Rightarrow B}$$

"Not": $\neg A \equiv A \Rightarrow \perp$

In classical logic, $\neg\neg A \Leftrightarrow A$. Not true in IPL in general.

But: $\neg\neg\neg A \Rightarrow \neg A$. (and $A \vee \neg A$)

↖ "law of the excluded middle"

Compare IPL rules to STLC.

$$\Gamma \vdash A \text{ (true)} \Leftrightarrow \Gamma \vdash e : \tau$$

Correspondence bt. props A + types $\tau : A$ true iff $\exists e, e : \tau$
So what are expressions?

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : B}{\Gamma \vdash (e_1, e_2) : A \wedge B}$$

$e_1 = \text{proof of } A$ $e_2 = \text{proof of } B$
 $(e_1, e_2) = \text{proof of } A \wedge B !$

Modus Ponens again: $(A \Rightarrow B) \wedge A \Rightarrow B$
As a type: $(A \rightarrow B) \times A \rightarrow B$

$$\bullet (\lambda x : ((A \rightarrow B) \times A). (\text{fst } x) (\text{snd } x)) : (A \rightarrow B) \times A \rightarrow B$$

Recall: $\neg\neg A \Rightarrow A$ A type: $((A \rightarrow \text{void}) \rightarrow \text{void}) \rightarrow \text{void}$

$$\lambda x : ((A \rightarrow \text{void}) \rightarrow \text{void}) \rightarrow \text{void}.$$
$$\lambda y : A. x (\lambda z : (A \rightarrow \text{void}). z y)$$

De Morgan: $(\neg(A \vee B) \Rightarrow \neg A \wedge \neg B) \wedge (\neg A \wedge \neg B \Rightarrow \neg(A \vee B))$

$$\left(\lambda x : ((A \vee B) \rightarrow \text{void}). (\lambda a : A. x (\text{inl } a), \lambda b : B. x (\text{inr } b)), \right.$$
$$\lambda x : (A \rightarrow \text{void}) \times (B \rightarrow \text{void}). \lambda y : A \vee B.$$
$$\text{case } y \in \{ a. (\text{fst } x) a ; b. (\text{snd } x) b \} \left. \right)$$