

# CS 525: Advanced Database Organization



## 01: Introduction

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Slides: adapted from a [course](#) taught by [Hector Garcia-Molina](#), Stanford InfoLab

# Advanced Database Organization?

- =Database Implementation
- =How to implement a database system
- ... and have fun doing it ;-)

# Isn't Implementing a Database System Simple?

Relations  $\Rightarrow$  Statements  $\Rightarrow$  Results

Introducing the

# MEGATRON 30000

Database Management System

- The latest from Megatron Labs
- Incorporates latest relational technology
- UNIX compatible

# Megatron 3000

## Implementation Details



First sign non-disclosure agreement



# Megatron 3000

## Implementation Details

- Relations stored in files (ASCII)  
e.g., relation R is in /usr/db/R

```
Smith # 123 # CS
Jones # 522 # EE
:
```

# Megatron 3000

## Implementation Details

- Directory file (ASCII) in /usr/db/directory

```
R1 # A # INT # B # STR ...  
R2 # C # STR # A # INT ...  
:  
:
```

# Megatron 3000

## Sample Sessions

```
% MEGATRON3000
  Welcome to MEGATRON 3000!
&
:
& quit
%
```

# Megatron 3000

## Sample Sessions

```
& select *  
  from R #
```

Relation R

<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>
SMITH	123	CS

```
&
```

# Megatron 3000

## Sample Sessions

```
& select A,B  
from R,S  
where R.A = S.A and S.C > 100 #
```

<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>
123	CAR
522	CAT

&

# Megatron 3000

## Sample Sessions

```
& select *  
  from R | LPR #  
&
```

Result sent to LPR (printer).

# Megatron 3000

## Sample Sessions

```
& select *  
  from R  
  where R.A < 100 | T #  
&
```

New relation T created.

# Megatron 3000

- To execute “`select * from R where condition`”:
  - (1) Read dictionary to get R attributes
  - (2) Read R file, for each line:
    - (a) Check condition
    - (b) If OK, display

# Megatron 3000

- To execute “`select * from R  
                  where condition | T`”:
  - (1) Process select as before
  - (2) Write results to new file T
  - (3) Append new line to dictionary

# Megatron 3000

- To execute “**select A,B from R,S where *condition***”:
  - (1) Read dictionary to get R,S attributes
  - (2) Read R file, for each line:
    - (a) Read S file, for each line:
      - (i) Create join tuple
      - (ii) Check condition
      - (iii) Display if OK

# What's wrong with the Megatron 3000 DBMS?

# What's wrong with the Megatron 3000 DBMS?

- Tuple layout on disk

- e.g.,
- Change string from 'Cat' to 'Cats' and we have to rewrite file
  - ASCII storage is expensive
  - Deletions are expensive

# What's wrong with the Megatron 3000 DBMS?

- Search expensive; no indexes
  - e.g., - Cannot find tuple with given key quickly
  - Always have to read full relation

# What's wrong with the Megatron 3000 DBMS?

- Brute force query processing

e.g., `select *`

`from R,S`

`where R.A = S.A and S.B > 1000`

- Do select first?

- More efficient join?

# What's wrong with the Megatron 3000 DBMS?

- No buffer manager  
e.g., Need caching

# What's wrong with the Megatron 3000 DBMS?

- No concurrency control

# What's wrong with the Megatron 3000 DBMS?

- No reliability

e.g., - Can lose data

- Can leave operations half done

# What's wrong with the Megatron 3000 DBMS?

- No security

- e.g.,
- File system insecure
  - File system security is coarse

# What's wrong with the Megatron 3000 DBMS?

- No application program interface (API)  
e.g., How can a payroll program get at the data?

# What's wrong with the Megatron 3000 DBMS?

- Cannot interact with other DBMSs.

# What's wrong with the Megatron 3000 DBMS?

- Poor dictionary facilities

# What's wrong with the Megatron 3000 DBMS?

- No GUI

# What's wrong with the Megatron 3000 DBMS?

- Lousy salesman!!

# Course Overview

- **File & System Structure**

Records in blocks, dictionary, buffer management,...

- **Indexing & Hashing**

B-Trees, hashing,...

- **Query Processing**

Query costs, join strategies,...

- **Crash Recovery**

Failures, stable storage,...

# Course Overview

- **Concurrency Control**

Correctness, locks,...

- **Transaction Processing**

Logs, deadlocks,...

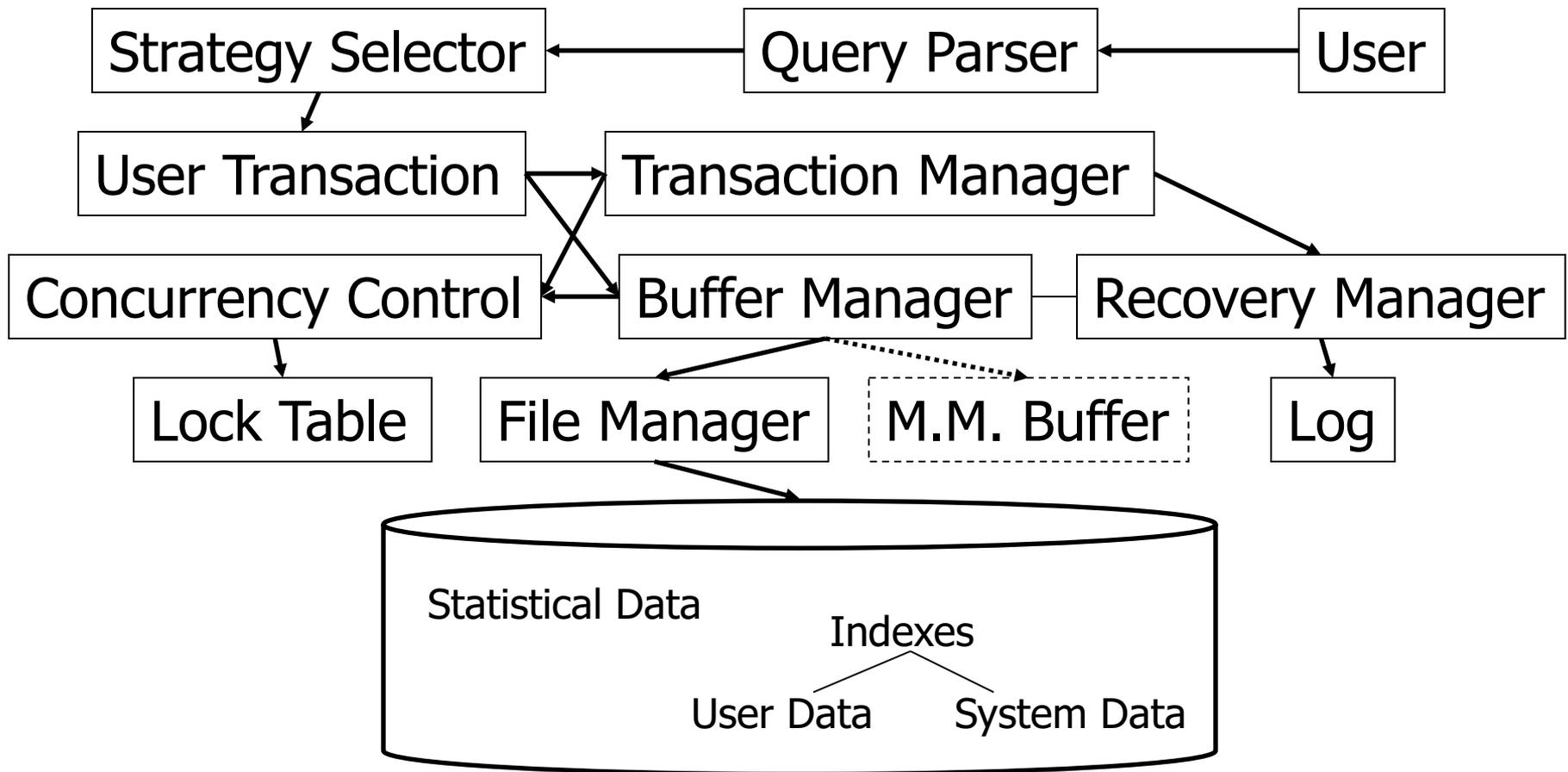
- **Security & Integrity**

Authorization, encryption,...

- **Advanced Topics**

Distribution, More Fancy Optimizations, ...

# System Structure



# Some Terms

- Database system
- Transaction processing system
- File access system
- Information retrieval system

# Course Information

- **Webpage:** <http://www.cs.iit.edu/~cs525/>
- **Instructor:** Boris Glavic
  - <http://www.cs.iit.edu/~glavic/>
  - **DBGGroup:** <http://www.cs.iit.edu/~dbgroup/>
  - **Office Hours: Mondays, 12pm-1pm**
  - **Office:** Stuart Building, Room 226 C
- **TA: TBA**
- **Time:** Mon + Wed 1:50pm – 3:05pm

# Google Group

- <https://groups.google.com/forum/#!forum/cs525-2017-spring-group>
- Mailing-list for announcements
- Discussion forum
  - Student - Instructor/TA
  - Student – Student
- ->please join the group to keep up to date

# Workload and Grading

- Schedule and Important Dates
  - On webpage & updated there
- Programming Assignments (50%)
  - 4 Assignments
  - Groups of 3 students
  - Plagiarism -> 0 points and administrative action
- Quizzes (10%)
- Mid Term (20%) and Final Exam (20%)

# Textbooks

- Elmasri and Navathe , **Fundamentals of Database Systems**, 6th Edition , Addison-Wesley , 2003
- Garcia-Molina, Ullman, and Widom, **Database Systems: The Complete Book**, 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall, 2008
- Ramakrishnan and Gehrke , **Database Management Systems**, 3rd Edition , McGraw-Hill , 2002
- Silberschatz, Korth, and Sudarshan , **Database System Concepts**, 6th Edition , McGraw Hill , 2010

# Programming Assignments

- 4 assignments one on-top of the other
- Optional 5<sup>th</sup> assignment for extra credit
- Code has to compile & run on server account
  - [Email-ID@fourier.cs.iit.edu](mailto:Email-ID@fourier.cs.iit.edu)
  - Linux machine
  - SSH with X-forwarding
- Source code managed in **git** repository on Bitbucket.org
  - Handing in assignments = submit (push) to repository
  - One repository per student
  - You should have gotten an invitation (if not, contact me/TA)
  - Git tutorials linked on course webpage!

# Next:

- Hardware